Ken Buck

(Original Signature of Member)

117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

## H.R.

To prevent conflicts of interest and promote competition in the sale and purchase of digital advertising.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	Buck introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the	Committe	e
	OI	ı									

## A BILL

To prevent conflicts of interest and promote competition in the sale and purchase of digital advertising.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Competition and
- 5 Transparency in Digital Advertising Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. DIGITAL ADVERTISING TRADING TRANSPARENCY
- 7 AND COMPETITION.
- 8 The Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12 et seq.) is amended
- 9 by inserting after section 8 (15 U.S.C. 19) the following:

1	"SEC. 8A. COMPETITION AND TRANSPARENCY IN DIGITAL
2	ADVERTISING.
3	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
4	"(1) Brokerage customer.—The term 'bro-
5	kerage customer' means a person who has purchased
6	or sold digital advertisements, or directly related
7	goods or services, through a buy-side brokerage or a
8	sell-side brokerage.
9	"(2) Buy-side brokerage.—The term 'buy-
10	side brokerage' means a person in the business of ef-
11	fecting transactions on digital advertising exchanges,
12	including by offering software or services that assist
13	in serving or displaying digital advertisements, for
14	other buyers.
15	"(3) DIGITAL ADVERTISEMENT.—The term
16	'digital advertisement' means an advertisement that
17	is served electronically over a computer network, in-
18	cluding the internet.
19	"(4) DIGITAL ADVERTISING EXCHANGE.—The
20	term 'digital advertising exchange' means a person
21	who constitutes, maintains, or provides a market-
22	place for or facilitates bringing together buyers and
23	1 or more sellers of digital advertisements, or for
24	otherwise performing with respect to digital adver-
25	tising the functions commonly performed by a digital
26	advertising marketplace.

1	"(5) DIGITAL ADVERTISING REVENUE.—The
2	term 'digital advertising revenue' means the greater
3	of—
4	"(A) global revenue derived from or di-
5	rectly related to the operation of a digital ad-
6	vertising exchange, a buy-side brokerage, or a
7	sell-side brokerage; or
8	"(B) the greater of—
9	"(i) the sum of the clearing prices of
10	all digital advertisements bought or sold
11	from or through a digital advertising ex-
12	change;
13	"(ii) the total value of the gross ad-
14	vertising spending managed by a buy-side
15	brokerage; or
16	"(iii) the total value of the gross ad-
17	vertising sales managed by a sell-side bro-
18	kerage.
19	"(6) DIVESTITURE DEADLINE.—The term 'di-
20	vestiture deadline' means the later of—
21	"(A) 30 days after the date on which the
22	Attorney General approves or denies a required
23	divestiture; or
24	"(B) 30 days after the expiration of any
25	applicable waiting period under section 7A.

1	"(7) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The term 'effective
2	date' means the date that is 1 year after the date
3	of enactment of this section.
4	"(8) Own.—The term 'own' means to own, op-
5	erate, or control, directly or indirectly, in whole or
6	in part.
7	"(9) Person.—The term 'person' includes—
8	"(A) any subsidiary of an entity; and
9	"(B) any corporate parent of an entity.
10	"(10) REQUIRED DIVESTITURE.—The term 're-
11	quired divestiture'—
12	"(A) means a divestiture, sale, or other
13	transaction undertaken to comply with any pro-
14	vision of this Act; and
15	"(B) does not include any action required
16	by a court of the United States.
17	"(11) Sell-side brokerage.—The term 'sell-
18	side brokerage' means a person in the business of ef-
19	fecting transactions on digital advertising exchanges,
20	including by offering software or services that assist
21	in serving or displaying digital advertisements, for
22	other sellers.
23	"(12) Third-party.—The term 'third-party'
24	means, for each person subject to this Act, an entity
25	that—

1	"(A) neither owns nor is owned by that
2	person; and
3	"(B) is not affiliated with the person
4	through direct or indirect ownership or control.
5	"(b) Prohibitions.—No person with more than
6	\$20,000,000,000 (as adjusted each year on January 1 by
7	an amount equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the
8	Consumer Price Index, as determined by the Department
9	of Labor or its successor) in digital advertising revenue
10	during the previous calendar year may, after the effective
11	date,—
12	"(1) own a digital advertising exchange if that
13	person owns either a sell-side brokerage or a buy-
14	side brokerage, or is a seller of digital advertising
15	space;
16	"(2) own a sell-side brokerage if that person
17	owns a buy-side brokerage; or
18	"(3) own a buy-side brokerage or a sell-side
19	brokerage if that person is also a buyer or seller of
20	digital advertising space.
21	"(c) Requirements.—Any person with more than
22	\$5,000,000,000 (as adjusted each year on January 1 by
23	an amount equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the
24	Consumer Price Index, as determined by the Department
25	of Labor or its successor) in digital advertising revenue

1	during the previous calendar year shall be subject to, as
2	of the effective date, the following requirements:
3	"(1) Best interest duty.—A buy-side bro-
4	kerage or sell-side brokerage shall, in the course of
5	providing services as a brokerage, use reasonable
6	diligence, care, and skill to act in the best interests
7	of their brokerage customers, and may not put their
8	own interests ahead of those of their brokerage cus-
9	tomers.
10	"(2) Best execution duty.—A buy-side bro-
11	kerage or sell-side brokerage shall seek the most fa-
12	vorable terms reasonably available under the cir-
13	cumstances for each order transaction of the broker-
14	age customer.
15	"(3) Transparency requirements.—
16	"(A) In general.—Upon written request
17	from a brokerage customer, a buy-side broker-
18	age or sell-side brokerage shall supply to that
19	brokerage customer, within a reasonable time,
20	information sufficient to permit the brokerage
21	customer to verify compliance of the brokerage
22	with its obligations under paragraphs (1) and
23	(2).
24	"(B) Contents.—The information de-
25	scribed in subparagraph (A) shall include, if re-

1	quested and to the extent such information is
2	collected by the brokerage in the ordinary
3	course of business—
4	"(i) in the case of a sell-side broker-
5	age providing information to a sell-side
6	brokerage customer—
7	"(I) a unique and persistent
8	identifier that identifies each unique
9	digital advertising space for sale; and
10	"(II) for each identifier described
11	in subclause (I), all bids received, and,
12	for each bid received, the bid sub-
13	mitted to the digital advertising ex-
14	change on behalf of the buy-side bro-
15	kerage customer, the winning price,
16	the uniform resource locator or other
17	property identifier at the lowest level
18	of granularity, the identity of the dig-
19	ital advertising exchange or other dig-
20	ital advertising venue returning the
21	bid, date, time that the bid response
22	was received in microseconds or a
23	lower level of granularity, web domain
24	associated with the advertising cre-
25	ative, the advertising creative size and

1	format, and whether the bid won the
2	seller's impression;
3	"(III) the nature of any data col-
4	lected or derived from the brokerage
5	customer or any user or customer of
6	the brokerage customer, and the ways
7	in which that data is used by the sell-
8	side brokerage;
9	"(IV) the order or bid routing
10	practices or processes, including any
11	material exceptions to the standard
12	practice of the brokerage; and
13	"(V) the source and nature of
14	any compensation paid or received in
15	connection with transactions; and
16	"(ii) in the case of a buy-side broker-
17	age providing information to a buy-side
18	brokerage customer—
19	"(I) all bids won by the buy-side
20	brokerage customer, and for each bid
21	won, the maximum allowed bid of the
22	advertiser, if any, the uniform re-
23	source locator or other property iden-
24	tifier at the lowest level of granu-
25	larity, date, the digital advertising ex-

1	change, the web domain associated
2	with the advertising creative, the ad-
3	vertising creative size and format, the
4	winning price, the bid submitted to
5	the digital advertising exchange on be-
6	half of the buy-side brokerage cus-
7	tomer, and, if possible, whether the ad
8	served and whether the ad rendered;
9	"(II) the order or bid routing
10	practices or processes; and
11	"(III) the source and nature of
12	any compensation paid or received in
13	connection with transactions.
14	"(C) RETENTION OF RECORDS.—
15	Brokerages shall retain the records specified in
16	subparagraph (B), where applicable and when
17	collected in the ordinary course of business,
18	until provided to a requesting brokerage cus-
19	tomer but not longer than 90 days. Brokerages
20	shall retain billing information for their broker-
21	age customers for not fewer than 12 months.
22	"(D) USER PRIVACY.—
23	"(i) In General.—When providing
24	information to a brokerage customer in re-
25	sponse to a request authorized by subpara-

1	graph (A), the brokerage shall, to the
2	greatest extent possible consistent with the
3	purpose of subparagraph (A), anonymize,
4	hash, or otherwise render the information
5	incapable of being tied to an individual web
6	user.
7	"(ii) Prohibiting tracking.—A
8	brokerage customer may not use data or
9	information received in response to a re-
10	quest made under subparagraph (A) for
11	any purpose other than—
12	"(I) verifying compliance of a
13	brokerage with its obligations under
14	paragraphs (1) and (2); or
15	"(II) bringing an action under
16	subsection (d)(3).
17	"(4) FIREWALLS.—
18	"(A) BUY-SIDE AND SELL-SIDE
19	BROKERAGES.—Buy-side brokerages and sell-
20	side brokerages shall establish, maintain, and
21	enforce written policies and procedures reason-
22	ably designed to ensure compliance with the ob-
23	ligations under this subsection.
24	"(B) Other Persons.—Persons not sub-
25	ject to prohibitions under subsection (b) shall

1	establish, maintain, and enforce written policies
2	and procedures reasonably designed to ensure
3	that their buy-side brokerage, sell-side broker-
4	age, digital advertising exchange, and role as a
5	buyer or seller of digital advertising, where ap-
6	plicable, operate separate and independent from
7	one another and transact business at arm's
8	length.
9	"(5) FAIR ACCESS DUTY.—A digital advertising
10	exchange shall provide every buyer and seller in the
11	exchange fair access, including with respect to oper-
12	ations of the exchange, co-location, any technology
13	systems or data, information related to transactions,
14	service, or products offered, exchange processes, and
15	functionality.
16	"(6) Time synchronization.—A digital ad-
17	vertising exchange, buy-side brokerage, or sell-side
18	brokerage shall—
19	"(A) synchronize its business clocks at a
20	minimum to within a 2 milliseconds tolerance of
21	the time maintained by the atomic clock of the
22	National Institute of Standards and Tech-
23	nology; and
24	"(B) maintain the synchronization de-
25	scribed in subparagraph (A).

1	"(7) Data ownership.—All records pertaining
2	to an order solicited or submitted by a brokerage
3	customer, and the subsequent result of that order,
4	shall remain the property of that customer, includ-
5	ing any bids solicited from or submitted to any dig-
6	ital advertising exchange, unless the information is
7	otherwise publicly available.
8	"(8) ROUTING PRACTICES DISCLOSURE.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Every sell-side broker-
10	age and buy-side brokerage shall—
11	"(i) make publicly available for each
12	calendar quarter a report on the order
13	routing practices of the sell-side brokerage
14	or buy-side brokerage, as applicable, for
15	digital advertisements during that quarter
16	broken down by calendar month; and
17	"(ii) retain the report described in
18	clause (i) posted on an internet website
19	that is free and readily accessible to the
20	public for 3-year period beginning on the
21	date on which the report is posted.
22	"(B) FORMAT.—Reports made available
23	pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall—

1	"(i) be rendered in a format that
2	makes the reports readily informative to
3	the average brokerage customer; and
4	"(ii) include for the 10 venues to
5	which the largest number of total bid re-
6	quests or bid responses were routed for
7	execution and for any venue to which 5
8	percent or more of bid requests or bid re-
9	sponses were routed for execution—
10	"(I) the total number of bids
11	routed;
12	"(II) the total number of bids ex-
13	ecuted;
14	"(III) the fill rate of bids;
15	"(IV) the average net execution
16	fee or rebate per 1,000 impressions;
17	"(V) the average time in milli-
18	seconds between when a bid request is
19	sent and when a bid response is re-
20	ceived; and
21	"(VI) the value and form of any
22	compensation given in exchange for
23	routing or execution.
24	"(9) CERTIFICATION.—A digital advertising ex-
25	change, buy-side brokerage, or sell-side brokerage

1	shall certify to the Attorney General on an annual
2	basis that the digital advertising exchange has com-
3	plied with the requirements under this subsection.
4	"(d) Enforcement.—
5	"(1) ATTORNEY GENERAL AND STATE ATTOR-
6	NEYS GENERAL.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
8	and State attorneys general may bring an ac-
9	tion on behalf of persons in the United States
10	injured in their business or property by reason
11	of any violation of this Act in any district court
12	of the United States in the district in which the
13	defendant resides or is found or has an agent,
14	without respect to the amount in controversy,
15	and shall—
16	"(i) in a case brought by the Attorney
17	General or a State attorney general, be en-
18	titled to injunctive relief; and
19	"(ii) in a case brought by the Attor-
20	ney General, recover damages sustained by
21	such persons.
22	"(B) Damages.—
23	"(i) In General.—The court may
24	award under this subsection, pursuant to a
25	motion by the Attorney General promptly

1	made, simple interest on actual damages in
2	accordance with the requirements under
3	subparagraph (A).
4	"(ii) No duplicative award.—A
5	court may not award any damages under
6	this subparagraph that are duplicative of
7	damages awarded before the date of the
8	award under this subparagraph in a sepa-
9	rate civil action pertaining to the same
10	conduct and injured party.
11	"(iii) Payments.—A court awarding
12	damages to a person in a civil action after
13	the date of an award of damages under
14	this subsection that would be duplicative of
15	damages awarded to the Attorney General
16	on behalf of the person shall direct that
17	such damages shall first be paid by the At-
18	torney General from amounts in the Fund
19	and, to the extent such damages are not
20	fully paid from amounts in the Fund, shall
21	be paid by the defendant.
22	"(C) Antitrust consumer damages
23	FUND.—
24	"(i) In general.—There is estab-
25	lished in the Treasury of the United States

1	a fund to be known as the 'Antitrust Con-
2	sumer Damages Fund' (in this subsection
3	referred to as the 'Fund'), which shall con-
4	sist of amounts deposited under clause (ii).
5	"(ii) Deposits and availability.—
6	Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31,
7	United States Code, any amounts received
8	by the Attorney General under an award
9	under this subsection—
10	"(I) shall be deposited in the
11	Fund; and
12	"(II) shall be available to the At-
13	torney General, without further ap-
14	propriation, for distribution to persons
15	in the United States harmed by the
16	applicable violation of the Sherman
17	Act (15 U.S.C. 1 et seq.).
18	"(iii) Deposits into general
19	FUND.—Effective on the day after the date
20	that is 10 years after the date on which an
21	award is received under this paragraph,
22	the unobligated balances in the Fund of
23	amounts that were received under the
24	award are rescinded and shall be deposited
25	in the general fund of the Treasury.

1	"(2) DIVESTITURE ENFORCEMENT.—The Attor-
2	ney General may bring an action on behalf of the
3	United States in any district court of the United
4	States in the district in which the defendant resides
5	or is found or has an agent, and may obtain injunc-
6	tive relief upon showing by a preponderance of the
7	evidence that the defendant has
8	"(A) violated a requirement of subsection
9	(e); or
10	"(B) undertaken a required divestiture
11	that unnecessarily harms or threatens competi-
12	tion in any market.
13	"(3) Private right of action.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A brokerage customer
15	harmed by a knowing violation of subsection (e)
16	by a person with more than \$20,000,000,000
17	(as adjusted each year on January 1 by an
18	amount equal to the percentage increase, if any,
19	in the Consumer Price Index, as determined by
20	the Department of Labor or its successor) in
21	digital advertising revenue during the previous
22	calendar year may bring a civil action in an ap-
23	propriate court to obtain injunctive relief, where
24	appropriate, and recover damages in the
25	amount of the greater of—

1	"(i) \$1,000,000 for each month in
2	which a violation of this Act occurred and
3	reasonable attorney's fees; or
4	"(ii) actual damages and reasonable
5	attorney's fees.
6	"(B) No class action waiver.—No per-
7	son covered by this Act may require a class ac-
8	tion waiver for claims under this Act, including
9	for arbitration.
10	"(C) TIMING.—A civil action for a viola-
11	tion of subsection (b) may be brought at any
12	time after the later of—
13	"(i) the expiration of any applicable
14	divestiture deadline; or
15	"(ii) the expiration of the deadline in
16	subsection (e)(1) if no filing has been
17	$\mathbf{made}.$
18	"(e) DIVESTITURE.—
19	"(1) FILING.—Any agreement or other docu-
20	ment setting out the terms of a required divestiture
21	shall be filed with the Attorney General not later
22	than the later of—
23	"(A) the effective date; or
24	"(B) the earlier of—

1	"(i) 30 days after the date on which
2	an agreement making a required divesti-
3	ture under this Act is executed; or
4	"(ii) 180 days after meeting the cri-
5	teria specified in any paragraph of sub-
6	section (b).
7	"(2) Attorney general review.—The At-
8	torney General shall approve a required divestiture
9	upon a showing by the person making the divestiture
10	that the terms of the divestiture, including the quali-
11	fications of any counter parties thereto, will not un-
12	necessarily harm or threaten competition in any
13	market.
14	"(3) TIMING.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
16	shall grant or deny approval of a required di-
17	vestiture, unless agreed to by the parties, no
18	later than the later of—
19	"(i) 60 days after receipt of all infor-
20	mation obtained pursuant to subparagraph
21	(5); or
22	"(ii) 60 days after receipt of the filing
23	made under subparagraph (1).

1	"(B) COMPLETION.—A divestiture shall be
2	completed not later than the divestiture dead-
3	line.
4	"(4) GUIDANCE.—The Attorney General shall—
5	"(A) not later than 120 days after the date
6	of enactment of this section, issue guidance on
7	the divestiture process under this subsection
8	and the certification requirement under sub-
9	section (c)(6);
10	"(B) update the guidance described in sub-
11	paragraph (A) as the Attorney General deter-
12	mines is appropriate; and
13	"(5) Compulsory Process.—The Attorney
14	General may request or issue a civil investigative de-
15	mand under section 3 of the Antitrust Civil Process
16	Act (15 U.S.C. 1312) for documents from any per-
17	son involved in a required divestiture to determine
18	the competitive effects of the divestiture.
19	"(f) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this
20	section shall—
21	"(1) prohibit a person from—
22	"(A) selling their own inventory of adver-
23	tising space if—
24	"(i) the inventory was not acquired
25	solely for the purposes of resale, except to

1	monetize the person's own content or intel-
2	lectual property; and
3	"(ii) the person does not also assist a
4	third-party in the sale or purchase of ad-
5	vertising space, other than purchasing ad-
6	vertising space from that person; or
7	"(B) buying inventory to market the prod-
8	ucts or services of the person;
9	"(2) abridge or supersede any provision of or
10	rules issued pursuant to section 7A;
11	"(3) prohibit a person from, consistent with the
12	antitrust laws, entering into a joint venture or other
13	collaboration to prevent harm from spam, fraud, or
14	other forms of abuse in digital advertising; or
15	"(4) require the disclosure of information if
16	such disclosure would violate a law of the United
17	States or a foreign country."